

CPSC 231 Midterm Review: Fall 2006

1. What is the language that is used for the program writing assignments in this class?
 - a. Pascal
 - b. C++
 - c. Visual Basic
 - d. Java
 - e. What??? We're actually supposed to write programs for this class!!!
2. Which UNIX command could be used to move to another directory?
 - a. cd
 - b. mv
 - c. move
 - d. cp
 - e. pwd
3. Which area of Computer Science focuses primarily on representing or showing information in a way that makes the information easier to find and use?
 - a. Graphics
 - b. Artificial Intelligence
 - c. Data bases
 - d. Information Visualization
 - e. Human-Computer Interaction
4. Which of the following is a correct ranking from smallest to largest units of storage (for the word size use a modern desktop computer)?
 - a. Byte, bit, word
 - b. Bit, byte, word
 - c. Word, bit, byte
 - d. Word, byte, bit
 - e. None of the above
5. Which of the following are examples of solid state storage devices?
 - a. Hard drive
 - b. RAM
 - c. Zip disk
 - d. DVD drive
 - e. None of the above
6. What is the binary equivalent of the octal number 36?
 - a. 8
 - b. 30
 - c. 36
 - d. 11110
 - e. None of the above

7. What is the base ten equivalent of the decimal number 27?
- a. 10
 - b. 1B
 - c. 27
 - d. 33
 - e. 11011
8. What is the decimal result of performing the subtraction (via the ones complement approach) of the decimal numbers -1-3 using a modern computer?
- a. +3
 - b. -3
 - c. +4
 - d. -4
 - e. -7
9. Which of the following statements is/are true?
- a. 'gpc' is the name of the compiler that you are to use for your programming assignments.
 - b. The default executable file is called 'a.out'
 - c. Source code files can be viewed with an editor
 - d. Machine language files can be executed by the computer
 - e. All of the above are true.

10. What will be the output of the following program? (<SP> is used to show a space)
program intro (output);

```
begin
  write('hel':3);
  writeln('@':3);
end.
```

- a. hel@
- b. 'hel':3 '@':3
- c. hel<SP><SP>@
- d. <SP><SP>hel@
- e. hel@<SP><SP>

11.
program decision3 (output);

```
const
  FIXED = 28;
begin
  var num : integer;
  num := FIXED;
  if (num < 0) then
    write('1');
    write('2');
  if (num > 0) then
    write('3');
  if (num >= fixed) then
    write('4')
  else
    write('5');
end.
```

- a. 3
- b. 134
- c. 234
- d. 235
- e. 1234

12. What is the output of the following program?

```
program decision (output);
begin
  var num1 : integer;
  var num2 : integer;

  num1 := -1;
  num2 := 1;
  if (num1 > 0) OR (num2 > 0) then
    write('1')
  else
    write('2');
  writeln('3');
end.
```

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 13
- d. 23
- e. None of the above

13. What is the output of the following program?

```
program decision (output);
begin
  var num1 : integer;
  var num2 : integer;

  num1 := -1;
  num2 := 1;
  if (num1 > 0) AND (num2 > 0) then
    write('1')
  else
    write('2');
  writeln('3');
end.
```

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 13
- d. 23
- e. None of the above

14. What is the output of the following program?

program decision (output);

begin

var num : integer;

if (num < 0) then

write('1 ')

else if (num = 0) then

write('2 ')

else if (num > 0) then

write('3 ');

writeln('4');

end.

a) 4

b) 14

c) 24

d) 34

e) The output of this program cannot be determined.

15. How many times will the loop in the following program execute?

program loop (output);

begin

var i : integer;

i := 10;

while (i < 4) do

begin

write(i);

i := i + 1;

end;

end.

a. 1

b. 9

c. 10

d. The loop will never execute

e. None of the above

16. What is the output of the following program?

program loop (output);

begin

var i : integer;

for i := 5 to 3 do

write(i, ' ');

writeln('All done!');

end.

a. All done!

b. 3 4 5 All done!

c. 5 4 3 All done!

d. 1 2 3 4 5 All done!

e. 5 4 3 2 1 All done!

Part II: Short answer

Question 1: In the space provided below trace the output of the following program.

```
program practiceFun (output);
var
  var1 : integer;
  var2 : integer;
procedure proc (   var3 : integer;
                 var var4 : integer);
var
  var2 : integer;
begin
  var2 := 10;
  var3 := 20;
  var4 := 30;
  writeln('3:', var2);
  writeln('4:', var3);
  writeln('5:', var4);
end;

function fun (var2 : integer):integer;
begin
  fun := var2 + 1;
end;

begin
  var var2 : integer;

  var1 := 1;
  var2 := 2;
  writeln('1:', var1);
  writeln('2:', var2);
  proc(var1, var2);
  writeln('6:', var1);
  writeln('7:', var2);

  begin
    var var2 : integer;

    var2 := 0;
    var2 := fun(var2);
    writeln('8:', var1);
    writeln('9:', var2);
  end;

  writeln('10:', var1);
  writeln('11:', var2);
end.
```

JT: Liked the practice exam, then you'll love the real thing!

