Recursion

You will learn what is recursion as well as how simple recursive programs work

Definition For Philosophy

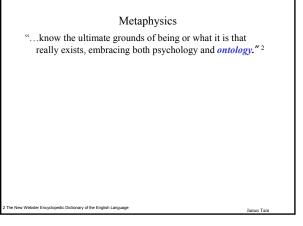
"...state of mind of the wise man; practical wisdom..."¹ See Metaphysics

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What Is Recursion?

"the determination of a succession of elements by operation on one or more preceding elements according to a rule or formula involving a finite number of steps" (Merriam-Webster online)

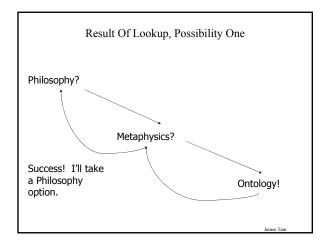


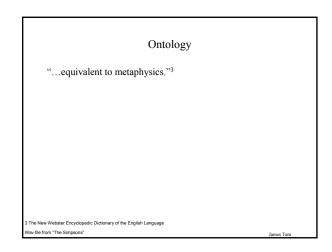
What This Really Means

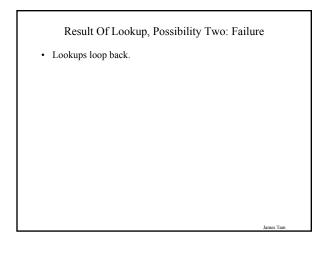
Breaking a problem down into a series of steps. The final step is reached when some basic condition is satisfied. The solution for each step is used to solve the previous step. The solution for all the steps together form the solution to the whole problem.

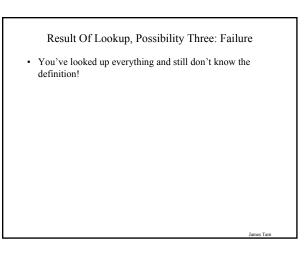
Result Of Lookup , Possibility One: Success

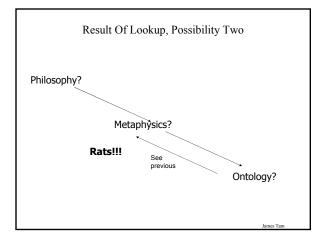
· I know what Ontology means!

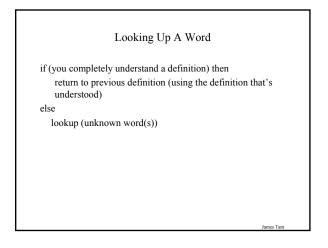


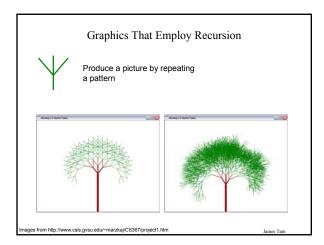


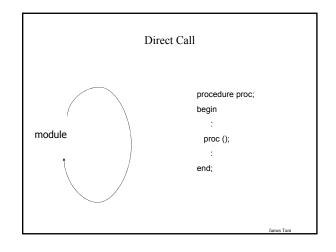


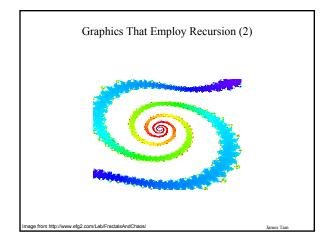


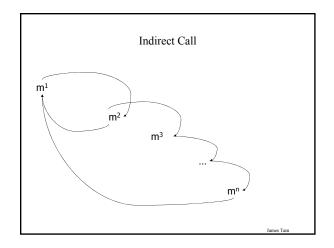


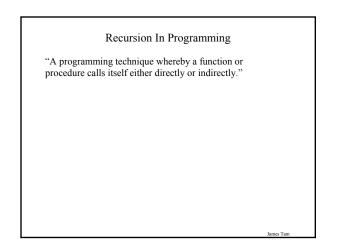


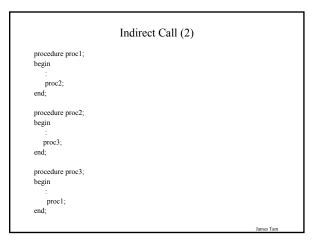


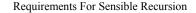




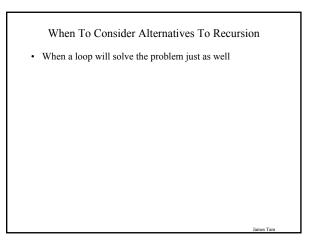


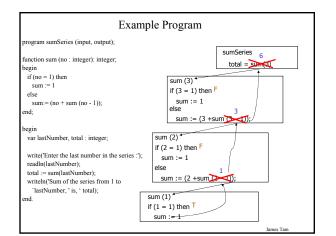


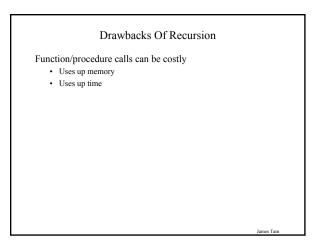




- 1) Base case
- 2) Progress is made (towards the base case)







When To Use Recursion

- · When a problem can be divided into steps.
- The result of one step can be used in a previous step.
- There is scenario when you can stop sub-dividing the problem into steps and return to previous steps.
- All of the results together solve the problem.

Benefits Of Using Recursion

- Simpler solution that's more elegant (for some problems)
- Easier to visualize solutions (for some people and certain classes of problems)

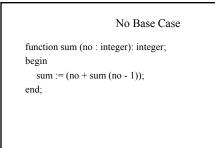
Common Pitfalls When Using Recursion

- •No base case
- •No progress towards the base case
- •Using up too many resources (e.g., variable declarations) for each function call

Using Up Too Many Resources

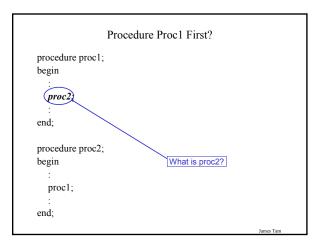
For full example look under /home/231/examples/recursion/resourceHog.p

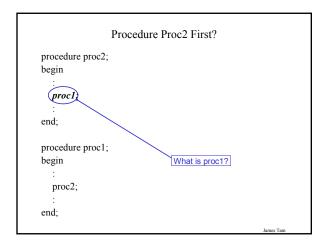
procedure proc; var arr : array [1..1000000] of char; begin proc; end;



Indirect Recursion In Pascal For a full example look under	
/home/231/examples/recursion/indirect.p	
Example Scenario:	
proc1 proc2	
proc2 proc1	
Which one should be defined first?	
	James Tam

egin if (no = 1) then sum := 1 else sum := (no + sum (no)); nd;	unction sum (r	no : integer): integer;
sum := 1 lse sum := (no + sum (no));	gin	
else sum := (no + sum (no));	if $(no = 1)$ the	en
sum := (no + sum (no));	sum := 1	
	else	
nd;	sum := (no	+ sum (no));
	nd;	





Undergraduate Definition Of Recursion	
Word: re-cur-sion	
Pronunciation: ri-'k&r-zh&n	
Definition: See recursion	
Way file from "The Simpsons"	
way me nominine Simpsons	James Tam

Solution: Use A Dummy Defin	intion
A "placeholder" for the compiler (definition comes late Example problem	er)
procedure proc1;	
begin	
:	
proc2;	
:	
end;	
procedure proc2;	
begin	
:	
proc1;	
:	
end;	James Tam

