How to Referee a Technical Paper

should I referee? is this paper any good?

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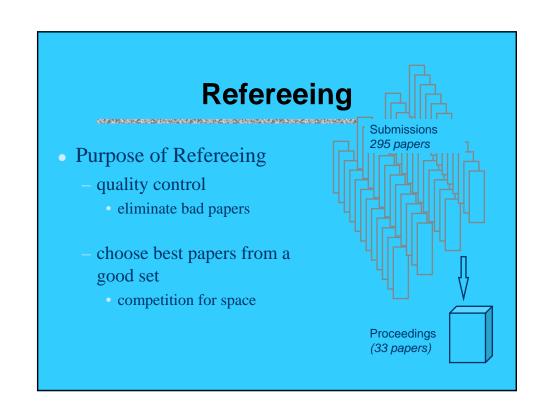
The Message

Refereeing is excellent practice for

- developing critical appraisal skills
- understanding how good (and bad) papers are written

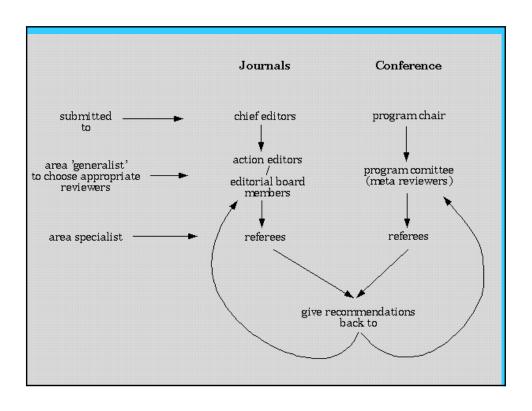
Many articles on refereeing

- Parberry: A Guide for New Referee in Theoretical Computer Science
- Forscher: Rules for Referees
- Guidelines that accompany referee requests



Referee Process

a peer review process



People involved.

- Author
 - correctness of argumentation and results
 - sound grounding in the literature
 - good quality of presentation
 - appropriate for the intended audience/venue



People Involved

- Editor
 - whether paper should go out for review
 - choosing appropriate referees
 - acceptance/rejection decision
 - explanation letter



People Involved

- Editorial support
 - good record keeping (copies of paper, reports)
 - tracking and distributing referee reports, reminding referees

People involved

- Referee
 - critical appraisal of the paper's contents
 - opinion, rationale, changes, suggested action
 - usually 3 referees/paper



Referee types

- topic specialists
 - is/has worked on similar problem
 - knows literature, other work very well
 - understands methodologies
 - considers nuances of your work/contribution
- area specialists
 - knows general area, and how topic fits within it
 - · considers contribution of work to the general area
 - evaluates comprehensibility by non-specialists

Why Referee?

- Fairness
 - all your papers will be refereed
 - expected duty of all researchers/academics

Why Referee?

- Good practice !!
- Other upsides
 - enhance reputation
 - expedites processing of your own papers
 - get on editorial board or program committee
 - 'previews' to the state of the art
- Downside
 - more work!

Quality Control: Research...

- Correctness
 - of argument/method/algorithm/ mathematics/proof... (is a fix necessary?)
- Significance
 - does it work on a valid problem?
 - will these results make a difference?
 - is it significant to area/journal, etc...?
 - will it stimulate further work in the area?
 - is it more than an obvious/trivial solution?

Quality Control: ...Research

- Innovation
 - original, creative, novel, inventive
 - not trivial extensions, or combination of old work with no added value
- Interesting
 - well motivated
 - relevant (when & where & to whom)

Quality Control: ...Research

- Replication
 - can the work be reproduced from the description by an experienced person in the area?
- Timeliness
 - of current interest to the community
 - but account for:
 - publication delay

Quality Control: ...Research

- Previous publications
 - by other authors
 - by this author
 - www publication,
 - minor conferences
 - minor variations of the theme...

Quality Control: Writing

- Succinct
 - message and arguments should be
 - clear, compelling, to the point

not

- hand-waving
- obscure/hidden behind jargon, etc.

Quality Control: ...Writing

- Accessible
 - is it appropriate to the audience?
 - specialists & range of generalists
 - is there something for both?
- Language & organization
 - readable, good grammar/structure reflects care
 - people do not have the time to read badly written papers

Quality Control: ...Writing

- Use of figures/tables
 - supports the story
- Title & abstract
 - indicates content, summarizes main points
- English as a 2nd language?

Ethics: Professionalism

Act in the best interest of the author & paper

Ethics: ...Professionalism

- Constructive critique
 - if acceptable, explain how it can be improved
 - if paper is unacceptable, explain why & where, but politely
- Specific rather than vague criticism, e.g.
 - 'what' is wrong with the algorithm, rather than 'the algorithm is wrong'
 - what related work is missing
 - key examples of numerous errors

Ethics: Speed

- Speed
 - fast turnover
 - you are on a critical path!
 - affects timeliness & publication delays
 - turnover times:
 - conferences: deadlines
 - journals: approx. 3-6 weeks

Ethics: Objectivity

- Fairness
 - author may use point of view/methodology/ arguments different from your own
 - judge from their school of thought
 - remove personal prejudice
 - e.g. field, institution, author, nationality, author, association (colleague, friend, rival)
- Conflict of interest
 - discuss with editor
 - if you cannot be objective, return the paper

Ethics: Confidentiality

- Do not circulate submitted papers
 - except for other reviews/comments(publication-dependent)
- Never use/discuss results
 - but can ask for permission from the authors
- Protecting your identity
 - anonymous reviewing the norm
 - you may reveal your identity if you wish...

Ethics: Honesty & Courtesy

- Honesty
 - judge your own expertise,
 - give your own confidence in your appraisal
- Courtesy
 - constructive criticism
 - non-inflammatory language
 - no put-downs



Ethics: Dilemmas

- How many papers to submit/referee?
 - − 1 paper submitted -> 3 referees (minimum)
- How much time should I spend reviewing
 - enough to give fair treatment
 - don't rush, the author deserves a fair hearing

Ethics:...Dilemas

- What if a similar paper has been published?
 - journal papers can be reasonable expansions of conference papers
 - can be republished if obscure (eg, workshop)
 - What if I am working on the same problem?
 - − be honest & open -> consult with the editor
 - be aware of the race for independent codiscovery

- Paper Title
- Author(s)
- Manuscript Number

A Template for Reviewing

- Briefly summarize the paper (2-3 lines)
 - can you extract a main message from your paper?
 - lets author know if you understood the main message
 - "If you can't, there is probably something wrong with the paper"

--- CHI FAQ

- What is NEW and SIGNIFICANT in the work reported?
 - New:
 - has it been done before?
 - is it a rehash / republication of old stuff (yours or others)?
 - Significance
 - in five years time, would the work have an identifiable impact? (rare)

- ...What is NEW and SIGNIFICANT
 - Survey/discussion piece
 - · does it add value?
 - Would it stimulate further work in this area?
 - is it a reasonable increment that keeps the research area going (frequent)?
 - does it have innovations?
 - is it interesting?
 - is it timely to the community?

- Describe the QUALITY of the RESEARCH
 - How sound is the work?
 - quality of algorithms, analyses, evaluation methods, etc.
 - How appropriate/reliable are the methods used?
 - · are they adequate to support the conclusions
 - is it correct?

- Describe the QUALITY of the RESEARCH
 - How reasonable are the interpretations?
 - good arguments
 - alternative interpretations explored/left out
 - How does it relate to existing work?
 - bibliographies, background, important omissions...

- Describe the QUALITY of the RESEARCH
 - Can an experienced practitioner in the field duplicate the results from the paper and the references?
 - are there details sufficient?

- Describe the QUALITY of the WRITING
 - is the message clear?
 - is the paper easy to follow and understand?
 - is its style exciting or boring?
 - is it well organized?
 - is there a good flow of logic/argumentation?

- Describe the QUALITY of the WRITING
 - is it grammatically correct?
 - are figures and tables used well and integrated into the text?
 - if it is a foreign writer, how can it be improved?

- How RELEVANT is the work to the expected readers?
 - domain
 - depth of treatment
 - degree of specialization
 - accessible to expected range of expertise of readership

- Provide any OTHER COMMENTS you believe would be useful to the author
 - constructive suggestions on repairing problems
 - pointers to missing / relevant work
 - minor typos/flaws

- Provide any OTHER COMMENTS
 - If revisions were possible, what should the author do to make this paper publishable?
 - · concrete, very specific suggestions on what
 - must be done
 - optional work

• Rate the papers ACCEPTABILITY and

summarize why you gave this rating

Conference:

Definitely reject

Probably reject

Could go either way Note: equivalence class!

Probably accept

Definitely accept

A Template for Reviewing

- Rate the papers ACCEPTABILITY
 - Journal:

Definitely reject

Major revisions

- additional work, major reworking of arguments
- subject to a careful check by editor/reviewers

Minor revisions

typos, minor changes

Accept as is

- Using the scale
 - 1 = Know virtually nothing about this area
 - 2 = Not too knowledgeable, but I know a bit
 - 3 = Know a moderate amount, about average
 - 4 = Not my main area of work, but I know a lot about it
 - 5 = My area of work, I know it well
- rate your EXPERTISE in the area addressed by the paper

- Provide comments that you feel are relevant to the review process but that you do NOT want forwarded to the author(s)
 - try to avoid using this
 - conflict of interests
 - pointers to things that would reveal identity
 - harsher things that would be mis-interpreted
 - suggestions on how to phrase acceptance/rejection letters...

Summary

Refereeing is excellent practice for

- developing critical appraisal skills
 - templates, typical flaws
- understanding how good (and bad) papers are written
 - apply understanding to your own work