Machine Learning: Libraries: Matplotlib

CPSC 501: Advanced Programming Techniques Winter 2025

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matplotlib

- matplotlib (2003) OG chart making inspired by MATLAB
- It received an early boost when it was adopted as the plotting package of choice of the Space Telescope Science Institute (the folks behind the Hubble Telescope), which financially supported Matplotlib's development and greatly expanded its capabilities.
- Big benefit (script chart making)
- Larger base has used it
- Style and usage is dated (one big reason why R and ggplot is popular) is that they are simpler (especially for non-programmers)
- Seaborn often used to look better, but others like ggpy, Holoviews, Altair exist



seaborn

- seaborn improvement on top of matplotlib
- Hides a lot of boilerplate
- Uses panadas dataframes which came post matplotlib
- Good defaults and bunch of presets (like ggplot in R)
- 2.0 matplotlib is response to try and integrate seaborn ideas



Quick matplotlib

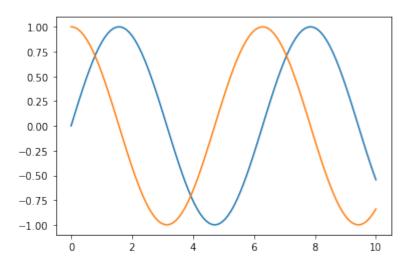
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np

x = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)

plt.plot(x, np.sin(x))

plt.plot(x, np.cos(x))

plt.show()



The plt.show() command does a lot under the hood, as it must interact with your system's interactive graphical backend.



Quick seaboarn

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import numpy as np

import seaborn as sns

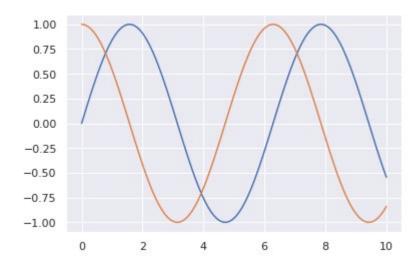
sns.set()

x = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)

plt.plot(x, np.sin(x))

plt.plot(x, np.cos(x))

plt.show()

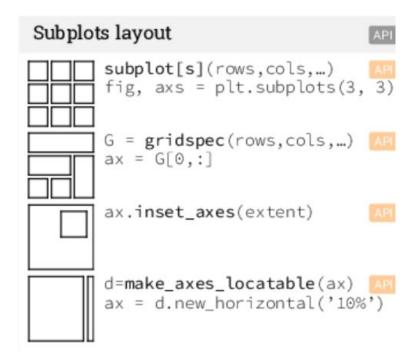


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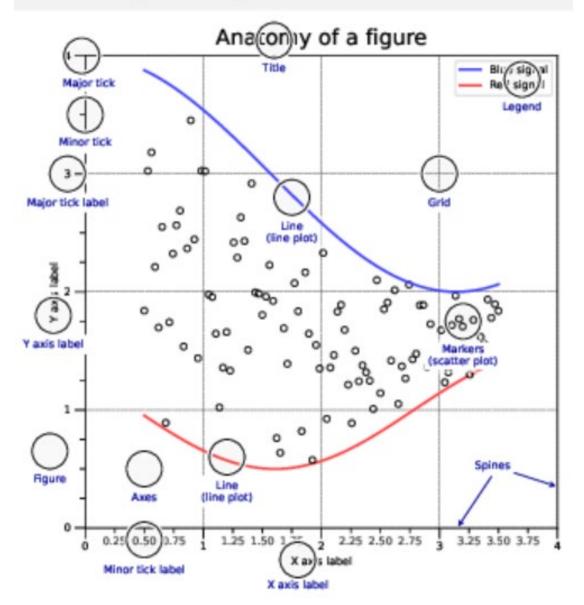


Matplotlib parts

- Matplotlib parts are sensibly named
- Is support for layouts but not near as natural as R



Anatomy of a figure

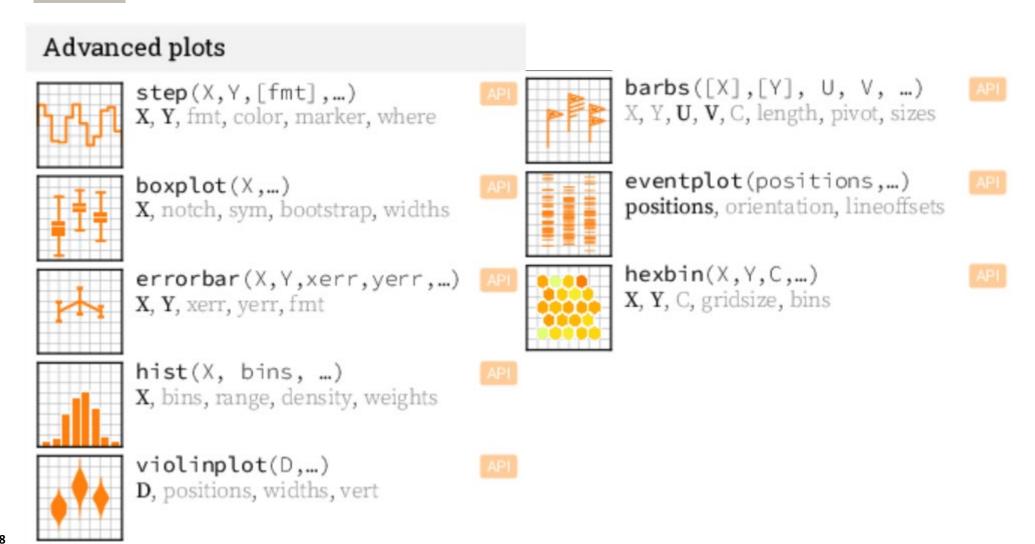


Matplotlib plot types





Matplotlib plot types





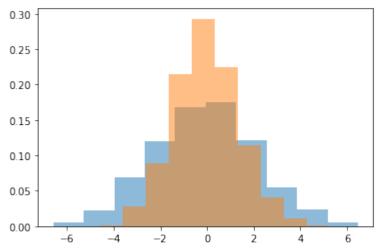
Matplotlib other

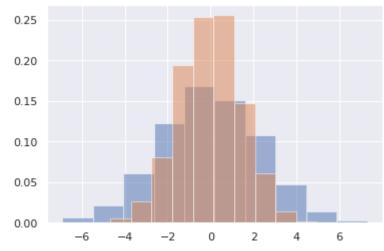
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np import seaborn as sns import pandas as pd

data = np.random.multivariate_normal([0, 0], [[5, 2], [2, 2]], size=2000)

data = pd.DataFrame(data, columns=['x', 'y'])

for col in 'xy': plt.hist(data[col], density=True, alpha=0.5)



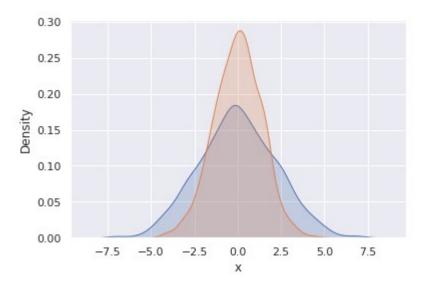


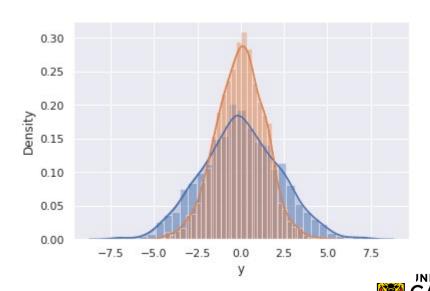


Seaborn

```
for col in 'xy':
    sns.kdeplot(data[col], shade=True)
```

#Add in
sns.distplot(data['x'])
sns.distplot(data['y']);

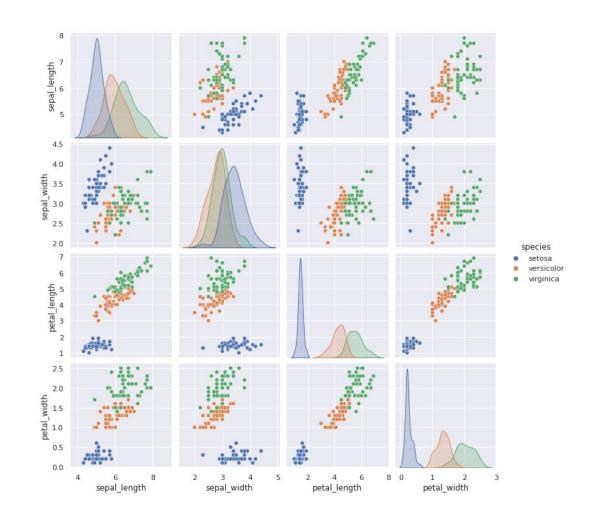




Seaborn pair plots

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np import pandas as pd import seaborn as sns

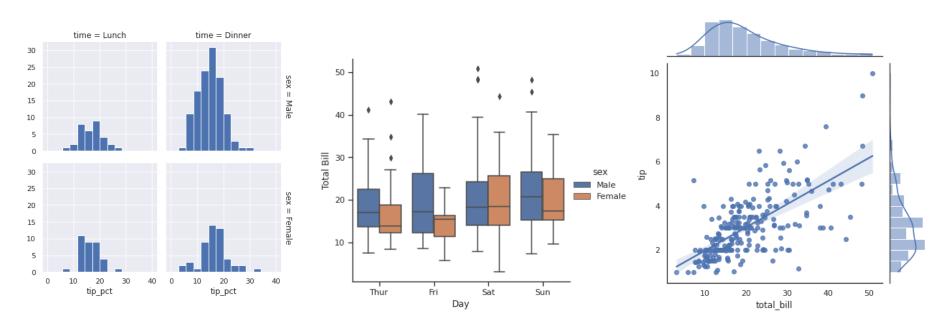
iris = sns.load_dataset("iris")
sns.pairplot(iris, hue='species', height=2.5);





Seaborn others

Faceted histograms, sns.FacetGrid
Factor (Category plots) sns.catplot
Joint Distributions sns.jointplot
So much easier (like in R)





Onward to ... Artificial Intelligence



