Nonregular Languages, Part One Supplement for Preparatory Viewing

Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages: If A is a regular language, then there is a number $p \ge 1$ (called the **pumping length** for A) — which only depends on A — such that if s is any string in A with length at least p, then s can be divided into three pieces s = xyz (for $x, y, z \in \Sigma^*$), satisfying the following three conditions.

- 1. $xy^i z \in A$ for every integer i such that $i \ge 0$.
- 2. |y| > 0 (so that $y \neq \lambda$).
- **3.** $|xy| \le p$.